LPEFI® Installation Manual

For
2010 Isuzu Medium Duty Trucks with 6.0 Liter Engine
Models: W5500
Mono-Rail System
274570 REV. A
Revised July 12, 2010
## REVISION HISTORY

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Isuzu Medium Duty Installation Instructions

Bi-Phase Technologies, LLC

Introduction

This instruction booklet shows how to convert a gasoline vehicle to run on clean burning propane utilizing our LPEFI® (Liquid Propane Electronic Fuel Injection) system.

The system is vehicle specific and installing a system on any vehicle that the kit was not designed for will void the warranty and may also violate emission laws.

Anyone who installs or repairs the LPEFI® system must be trained and certified. This must also include training in the safe handling and characteristics of propane. Bi-Phase Technologies provides such training upon request. Some states may require a license to work on propane vehicles. Consult your state or local authorities or your state propane gas association. Bi-Phase Technologies, LLC is not responsible for your oversight to comply with federal, state or local laws regulating the installation or repair of propane gas systems.

The LPEFI® system is a sequential multi-port fuel injection system that injects propane in a liquid state to the engine. It works much the same way as a modern sequential multi-port gasoline fuel injection system and can be diagnosed with the same diagnostic scanners used for gasoline vehicles.

The LPEFI® system is covered by U.S. and International patents. The LPEFI® system is also certified to the United States E.P.A. standards.

The information in this manual is believed to be accurate as of its date of publication, but it is subject to change. Up-to-date information and changes, if any, can be requested from Bi-Phase Technologies.

In the event of any safety-related changes Bi-Phase Technologies will notify all customers who returned the warranty registration card for the affected vehicles.

For more information contact:
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Eagan, MN  55121
(651) 681-4450
Tech. Support line
(888) 465-0571
Isuzu Medium Duty Installation Instructions

Bi-Phase Technologies, LLC

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Notes
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**Propane Safety**

This is a safety alert symbol. It is used throughout this manual to alert you to potential hazards. Whenever you see this symbol, you should read and obey the safety warnings that follow. Failure to obey these warnings could result in serious personal injury or property damage.

**Please read some of the Specific Warnings below before proceeding with the installation or repair of any propane system**

**Warning:** Always unplug the LPEFI control box or disconnect the battery before you work on any part of the LPEFI system.

The LPEFI tank contains an electronic control box. Any time the driver door is opened, the LPEFI system could go into a purge mode, pumping liquid propane through the hoses and injectors. To prevent a sudden release of cold liquid propane, disconnect the power from the control box before you loosen any hose fittings. Failure to do this could cause personal injury and fire hazard.

**Warning:** Never loosen fittings or vent any propane unless you are wearing insulated PVC rubber gloves. Escaping liquid propane can cause frostbite and severe freeze burns.

Propane is stored as a liquid. When you release liquid propane, it tries to evaporate as quickly as it can, by absorbing heat from its surroundings. Everything it touches gets chilled to –44 degrees F (–42 deg. C). If liquid propane sprays on your fingers, it will freeze them—right down to the bone. Anyone who works with liquid propane must wear insulated PVC rubber gloves.

**Danger:** Do not remove any valves, bulkheads or fittings from a propane tank unless the tank has been properly drained (evacuated) completely. The pressure inside a propane tank can push a loosened bulkhead or valve out with enough force to cause injury. Release of propane in an uncontrolled situation will create a flammable/explosive mixture of air and propane, which could cause serious injury, death and property damage.

Propane is stored under pressure. When you remove a valve or bulkhead from the tank, all of the pressure is released at once, in a violent rush. Always drain the tank before you work on it. Failure to do this will result in damage to the tank or valves and can result in severe injury or death. You should drain the tank using a flare stack in an approved safe manner. Your propane supplier can help you with this.
Danger: Do not vent or release propane indoors or near sewers, pits or low lying areas. Propane can accumulate in low spots, creating a fire hazard. Propane can also displace oxygen, creating a suffocation hazard.

Propane is heavier than air. It can fill low, sheltered areas with flammable vapors. If these vapors are ignited, they can create a fire or explosion, causing severe property damage, injury or death. Never release propane near sewers, pits or indoors.

Warning: Keep all sources of ignition away from propane vehicles while the fuel system is being serviced. Even if the tank and fuel lines are empty, there may still be flammable vapors near the vehicle.

Do not allow smoking, sparks, flames, running vehicles or other sources of ignition near the vented propane. Failure to do this could result in fire or explosion, causing severe property damage, injury or death.

Warning: Do not disconnect any propane hoses unless they have been properly drained completely.

Propane in the hoses is kept under pressure, even when the engine is off. When you disconnect a hose, the internal pressure is released all at once. Always drain the fuel lines before you disconnect them. Failure to do this can result in damage to the hose fitting and possible injury.

WARNING: NO SMOKING OR OPEN FLAMES IN OR AROUND PROPANE VEHICLES DURING FUELING OR SERVICING.
Facts about Propane & Propane Powered Vehicles

Propane gas is the most widely used alternative fuel, with nearly 4 million vehicles worldwide running on propane. More than 350,000 vehicles run on propane in the U.S., according to the U.S. Department of Energy’s Alternative Fuels Data Center.

Propane powered vehicles offer the best combination of durability, performance and driving range.

The first propane powered vehicle ran in 1913.

Bi-Phase Technologies’ LPEFI® (Liquid Propane Electronic Fuel Injection) system has surpassed other technologies today by introducing liquid fuel injection. This technology improves power, efficiency and operating characteristics. For more information call for our General Information and Training Manual.

Safety comes first is a motto you should always live by. Without knowledge of a product it is hard to follow this motto. In our manuals we try to stress the need for knowledge and provide warning signs to alert you.

It is your responsibility to know the law. NFPA, National Fire Protection Association, has manuals to help you understand safe handling of many products. We recommend that you obtain and read their NFPA #58, Standard for the Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases. To further enhance the industry’s safety and service, a number of training programs and efforts have been implemented throughout the country. The National Propane Gas Association has developed a Certified Employee Training Program (CETP), which provides service personnel with a complete technical training curriculum. We encourage you to contact your state propane gas association or the National Propane Gas Association for more information on how you can benefit from such programs. Visit www.propanesafety.com for more information.
**Approximate Properties of LP Gases**

*(Commercial Propane)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specific gravity of liquid (water = 1) at 60 degrees F.</td>
<td>0.504</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point at 14.7 psia, degrees F.</td>
<td>-44.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight in lbs per gallon of liquid at 60 degrees F</td>
<td>4.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific heat of liquid, BTU/lb. at 60 degrees F.</td>
<td>0.630</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cubic ft. of vapor per gallon at 60 degrees F.</td>
<td>36.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cubic ft. of vapor per pound at 60 degrees F.</td>
<td>8.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific gravity of vapor (air = 1) at 60 degrees F.</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignition temperature in air, degrees F.</td>
<td>920 to 1120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum flame temperature in air, degrees F.</td>
<td>3,595</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limits of flammability in air</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of vapor in air/gas mixture</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) Lower</td>
<td>2.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Upper</td>
<td>9.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heating values</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) BTU per cubic foot</td>
<td>2,488</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) BTU per pound</td>
<td>21,548</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) BTU per gallon</td>
<td>91,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical formula</td>
<td>C3H8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure in psig</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) 70 degrees F</td>
<td>127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) 100 degrees F</td>
<td>196</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) 105 degrees F</td>
<td>210</td>
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</table>
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Pre-Installation Inspection

(Recommended)

If your vehicle is equipped with a single gasoline fuel tank, and you will be installing a single propane fuel tank follow the procedure in this manual.

If the vehicle is new and has less than 1,500 miles we recommend the following:

- Visually inspect the vehicle
  - Is the malfunction indicator lamp illuminated?
  - Does the engine start and run smooth?
  - Are there any fluid leaks?

- Install a diagnostic scan tool and verify there are no DTCs (Diagnostic Trouble Codes) stored in the computer memory

If the vehicle is used and has more than 10,000 miles we recommend in addition to the above:

- Remove and examine the spark plugs and conduct a compression test
- During diagnostic scan mode document the following from the scan tool data stream:
  - Short term fuel trim, bank 1 & 2
  - Long term fuel trim, bank 1 & 2
  - IAC (idle air control %)
  - Oxygen sensor activity

Note: Proceed with the LPEFi® system installation if all conditions are acceptable. If any problems are discovered it is not recommended to install the LPEFi® system until the problems are repaired. After the installation is complete refer to the Post-Installation Inspection found in this manual.
Warning: Disconnect the battery before you work on any part of the LPEFI® system.

Remove gasoline fuel rails, fuel line, tank & evaporative emission system (if the vehicle is equipped with the EVAP components):

- Unplug injector wiring harness from each injector for use on the LPEFI® injectors
- Remove four (6 mm) mounting studs and nuts holding the gasoline fuel rails to the intake manifold
- Remove the plate from the top of the intake and pull the two wire harness’s up so the rails can be removed
- Place drain pan under passenger side of bell housing to catch any gasoline spilled while disconnecting the fuel lines
- Using a 3/8” QD tool, disconnect the supply fuel lines from the steel line attached to the passenger side frame rail

*Note: Gasoline residue could drain out of the lines and rails when you disconnect.*

Caution: Gasoline under pressure. Gasoline is flammable & toxic. Use extreme caution and eliminate all sources of ignition while handling. Wear gloves & goggles.

- Remove the EVAP purge valve from the fuel rail
- Install a vacuum cap to the canister purge solenoid
- Remove the gasoline fuel rails from the engine
- Drain all gasoline from the fuel tank, lines and discard in the proper environmental manner
Prepare the LPEFI® fuel rails for installation:

- Remove the new fuel rails from the package; retain the envelope with the rails

Note: The envelope contains decals, owner information card and a warranty registration card. The warranty registration card, along with the Post-Installation Inspection form, must be filled in and returned to Bi-Phase Technologies for warranty to be valid. Label placement is described later in this installation manual.

- Place both rails on the bench as shown in the photo at left
- The bottom rail in the photo is the passenger side rail
- The bushings and hold down clamps are not mounted on the rails and will need to be installed prior to installation on the engine

⚠️ Caution: Gasoline under pressure. Gasoline is flammable & toxic. Use extreme caution and eliminate all sources of ignition while handling. Wear gloves & goggles.

- Lubricate the lower o-rings (green) on each injector and place each rail on the engine with the QD hose inlet connector facing toward the rear of the engine

Note: The injector electrical connectors should be facing outward to allow clearance between injector & intake plenum. The electrical connector could interfere with the installation of the rail or the installation of the rail could damage the injector if not pre-positioned outward.

- Before installing fuel rail, install spacer between the manifold and the rail bracket
- Using the original 6 mm bolts taken from the gasoline rail mounting bracket secure the LPEFI® injector rails to the intake manifold; tighten to a torque of 12 NM (106 in-lb)
- Install original gasoline injector wiring harness and connect each injector connector to the proper cylinder
- Remove and discard the bracket on the rear of the driver side head

*Note: When disconnecting or connecting injector connectors be careful and pull locking tab up to disconnect and push in on connector (squeeze) to disconnect. After reconnecting push locking tab down to lock connector. Be careful not to break this plastic tab and locking piece.*

**New Spark Plugs:**

- Replace the spark plugs with NGK-IFR7F-8DS (stock #5794) 14mm x 5/8” Hex Iridium Platinum resister plugs. Plug gap: .8mm or 0.31

**Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor:**

- Remove radiator cap to relieve any system pressure and reinstall the cap to prevent losing too much coolant
- Place a catch pan under the engine to catch coolant
- Prepare the LPEFI® engine coolant temperature sensor for installation
- Remove the OEM engine coolant temperature sensor from the driver side head
- To prevent the loss of coolant immediately insert the LPEFI® engine coolant temperature sensor; when complete make sure to replace any lost coolant; the post-installation inspection will also remind you to check the coolant level
- Plug in the OEM harness into the LPEFI® engine coolant temperature sensor
- Replace lost engine coolant
- DO NOT DISCARD OEM ECT. Package the ECT properly per instructions by Bi-Phase

**Idle Shut Down Option Installation:**

- Refer to Idle Shut Down Installation Isuzu 6.0L Instructions
Main wire harness:

**Warning:** Disconnect the battery before you work on any part of the LPEFI® system.

*Note: Route the main LPEFI® harness before completing any connections.*

**Main LPEFI® harness (to existing Isuzu fuel pump wire harness)**

- Lay out the main harness with the four pin connector pointed toward the rear of the truck
- Remove the cover from the wire harness junction box
- Route the harness under the frame and through the box and down the inside driver side of the frame to the rear of the truck
- Leave the white wire trunk of the LPEFI® harness loose along the outside driver side chassis frame rail to permit routing to the front of the truck to the inside of the cab
- Remove the cover from the top of the gasoline fuel tank.
- Unplug the gasoline fuel pump harness and reroute it down the driver side frame rail
- Plug the LPEFI® 4 pin connector to the fuel pump harness
- Secure harness with tie wraps every 8 inches

**Main LPEFI® harness (to battery box) branch, is an orange wire with an in-line fuse and eyelet connector on the end**

- Route the main LPEFI® harness (to battery box) branch across the cross member then along the inside passenger side frame rail towards the battery box
- Remove the battery box cover and install the eyelet on the orange wire with fuse to the positive side of the battery

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>7/8” wrench</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nylon tie straps</td>
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<td>Nylon tie straps</td>
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</table>
Note: Before securing any of the harness makes sure it is routed to meet the length requirement to make each connection

Main LPEFI harness (to door switch) branch, it is a white 16-gauge wire

- Guide the main LPEFI® wiring harness white wire (to door switch) along the driver side frame to the front of the truck
- Secure harness with tie wraps every 8 inches
- Remove the grill and driver side headlamp assembly
- Route the white wire through the grommet to the inside of the cab
- Remove carpet trim
- Connect white wire to the yellow wire with the red tracer

10 mm & 13 mm socket & ¼" drive ratchet phillips screw driver

Nylon tie straps Pliers ½" wrench or socket & ratchet
Install LPEFI® system

Gauge:

Warning: Disconnect the battery before you work on any part of the LPEFI system.

- Install fuel level sending unit on the primary tank

Note: Use the 40-250 ohm resistance fuel level gauge sending unit supplied in the kit.

- When installing a fuel level gauge sending unit always reset the sender to zero using a small magnet; after installed on the tank the sending unit’s needle should register zero or empty unless there is fuel in the tank

Main LPEFI harness (to sending unit) branch, it is a black two pin connector

- Connect the main LPEFI harness (to sending unit) branch to the fuel level gauge; use nylon wire ties to secure the primary hose

Note: Always be aware of routing. Do not route near the exhaust and always use split loom to prevent chaffing.

- Prepare to install the LPEFI® protecting cover with the 3/8” bolts provided; at this time leave the bolts loose and do not connect the main LPEFI® harness (to purge box, relay and LPDM, to the electronic control box and relay

WARNING: Do not make the final electrical connections until the LPEFI system is completely sealed. Applying power could cause the valves in the tank to open, releasing fuel into the hoses.
Tank:

Primary tank is installed on the driver side

- Measure the tank to mark the holes to be drilled in the frame; the front tank support mounting holes are located 14 1/8” from the “Front of body must not extend beyond this line” Warning; measure rear mounting hole appropriate with the rear tank mounting bracket

- Use an 5/8” drill bit to drill mounting holes; use the 5/8” bolts, washers & nuts provided in the kit to mount tank

- Raise the tank into place and install the bolts, two bolts per support; tighten all the mounting bolts until the Belleville washers are flat or torque to about 52 ft-lb or 70 Nm

Note: Due to the OEM placement of the exhaust system a tank heat shield is required.

Fill hose installation

- Install the fill hose assembly exactly as shown in the photo.

- Attach the fill fitting to the bracket on the tank.

- Install the 90 degree from the longest hose to the fill fitting. (Torque to 44-48 ft-lb.)

- Install the other end of the hose to the 80% valve (Torque to 44-48 ft-lb.)

Warning: Stop fill valve elbows are never tightened at the tank manufacturer. The valve is tight but the elbow must be tightened and clocked to the proper position. Do not allow the valve itself to move while tightening the elbow.

- Attach fill filter to frame rail will clamp as shown.

- Verify the hose is routed in a way that there is no interference with chassis components that could cause chaffing
Primary hose:

- Route the primary fuel line with flare end fitting toward the front of the engine
- The hose will route from the LPDM over the top of the tank
- Turn the hose toward the transmission bell housing, it will run over the rear of the engine
- Continue to route the hose around the passenger side of the engine and loop back towards the right injector rail
- Before lowering cab modify the engine cover by removing 8” out of the lower right corner of the cover
- Cut at the bottom of lower rib
- After lowering cab verify engine cover does not touch the loop or primary hose.

Attach primary fuel hose to injector rail

- Pull out about 2-1/2 inches of the white inner hose out of the primary fuel line
- Lubricate inner line with clean motor oil
- Carefully guide the inner line into the center of the rail and feel for the line to engage the internal o-ring (see picture on left); 2” of inner line must be inserted into the rail to make a proper connection
- Pull the outer hose onto the fitting on the end of the rail, tighten the flare nut (torque to 33-38 ft-lb); use a “backup wrench” on the rail to keep the brass fitting from turning as you tighten the flare nut; do not over tighten the flare nut; (brass fitting on the rail is tightened to 5-6 ft-lb)
- After tightening the flare nut, verify the hose does not come in contact with any components
Install LPEFI System

Attach the primary line to the LPDM

- Position the primary hose to be connected to the LPDM by routing the hose over the tank
- Remove retaining screws, plate, gasket and split collar retainers from LPDM
- Install plate and gasket onto hose end fitting of primary hose
- Lubricate hose end fitting metal surface and white nylon inner line
- Insert into center of LPDM port and push in slowly until metal hose end fitting is touching the top of the brass bushing in the port

Secure the Primary Hose

- Primary hose loop will determine how much slack is available to secure the primary hose; verify the primary hose is routed in a way that there is no interference with chassis components that could cause chaffing
  - Insure that the hose is aligned so that no tension will be created on the fuel rail or the hold down clamps
  - Install 3 P clamps on top of the tank shown
  - Connect the hose to the fuel line bracket with a large P clamp. Reference photo on page 19

Rear Primary Hose Bracket:

- Attach as shown with the supplied hardware
  - Torque bracket to 24 ft lbs

Front Primary Hose Bracket:

- Attach as shown with the supplied hardware
  - Torque bracket to 24 ft lbs

T-20 Torx driver
Clean motor oil
Attach the loop hose to the injector rails

- Start with the 80-degree hose end on the crossover hose, lubricate the white nylon inner line and insert into injector rail on the driver side
- Lubricate white nylon inner line on the 45-degree hose end and insert into the injector rail

⚠️ VERY IMPORTANT: Take extreme care to center the nylon line into the rail end fitting and slowly push the line all the way in (turn the hose from side to side or twist it as you are pushing it in). Once the white inner line is completely in, push the entire fitting into the rail until it clicks and locks

Secure the loop hose

- Connect the loop hose to the fuel line bracket
- Verify the hose is routed in a way that there is no interference with chassis components that could cause chaffing
- Look at the QD fitting and verify the four locking tabs are secured on the hose fitting
- Install the P clamp on bracket as shown

Completing Wire Harness Installation:

Primary tank

Main LPEFI harness (to purge box, relay and LPDM) branch, is 4 connectors on 4 branches, tied together.

- Connect main LPEFI harness connection to electronic purge box and relay and LPDM
- Assemble cover plate to rear of the primary tank
- Secure hardware to cover plate and tank

WARNING: Do not make the final electrical connections until the LPEFI system is completely sealed. Applying power could cause the valves in the tank to open, releasing fuel into the hoses.
Install labels on the truck/registration:

Note: For best results when applying labels, dip the label in soapy water before you apply it to the truck. Slide the label into position, and then use a rubber squeegee to force out the air and water.

- Install one “LPEFI®” transparent label on each side of the cab
- Install the EPA emissions label on rear of cab, in engine compartment.
- If the truck does not have a box or body installed yet, put the propane diamond in the glove box for later placement
- After the body is installed on the truck, install the black “PROPANE” diamond on the back panel of the truck, toward the bottom right corner; do not install on the bumper.
- Fill out vehicle warranty registration card and return to Bi-Phase Technologies along with the Post-Installation Inspection
- Place laminated owners information cab card in the glove box with the OEM’s owners manual & other GM information

WARNING

DO NOT LOOSEN FUEL LINES
Until you unplug the red connector from the tank control box (rear end of long tank). Leaving the control box connected could release liquid propane into the hoses, causing personal injury and fire hazard.
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Testing the Installation

1. Visually inspect the tank(s), the hoses, the wiring and the engine compartment. Is everything assembled properly?

2. Fill the tank with 20 to 30 gallons of propane. It is recommended that you purge the tank with propane vapor and check all the fittings on the tank for leaks before filling the tank completely. Use an approved leak detection fluid or an electronic leak detector to verify there are no leaks. If any leaks are found stop and repair the leaks. The battery should not be connected at this time. (If the tank was filled before installation it should have been checked for leaks at that time.)

3. Connect a fuel pressure test gauge to the Shrader valve on the LPDM

4. Fuel pressure should be 0 psi at first.

5. If the connections on the electronic purge control assembly have not been made connect at this time.

6. Connect the battery. You may hear a click at the tank.

7. Open the driver door to start a purge cycle. You should hear the solenoid valves click and the pump running inside the tank. If not, check the electrical connections and refer to the troubleshooting section in the service manual.

8. Simultaneously with the preceding step you should inspect all hose connections, the LPDM, the fuel rail connections and the injectors for leaks. If any leaks are found you should disconnect the electronic purge control assembly, evacuate the lines and repair. See the service manual for procedures.

9. When the purge cycle ends, listen for leaking fuel near the hoses and around the entire system. If you do not hear any obvious hissing or smell propane, turn on the ignition key but do not start. This will start the fuel pump, followed by a purge cycle.

10. When you hear the fuel pump stop running notice the fuel pressure on the test gauge. This pressure should be anywhere from 30 psi in cold weather to 180 psi in hot weather.

11. Turn the key off, then on again to start another purge cycle.

12. While the pump is running, observe the fuel pressure. It should be 35 to 55 psi higher than it was in step 11.

13. Turn the key off and check for leaks at every hose fitting on the vehicle. Apply an approved leak detection fluid (similar to soapy water) or use an electronic propane leak detector. The tank, tank valves, fuel injectors and fuel rails have been tested at the factory but you must recheck, and check the hoses and hose fittings. On dual tank trucks check all of the hoses between the tanks, too.

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**WARNING** Do not use an open flame to check for leaks. If you smell propane, it is from a leak. The LPEFI system uses sealed fittings and lined hoses, and there should never be a propane odor from an LPEFI vehicle.

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Typical Leak Checking Method
Isuzu Medium Duty Installation Instructions
Testing the Installation (cont’d)

14. If there are no leaks, start the engine.
15. Connect a diagnostic scan tool to the vehicle. (The connector is usually under the bottom of the dash.)
16. With the engine running, check the diagnostic trouble codes (DTCs). Correct any problems you find.
   If the engine is not running smoothly, refer to the LPEFI service manual.
17. If there are no codes and the engine is running smoothly let the vehicle run until it is to full operating
   temperature (190°F on your Scan tool).
18. Turn the key off and follow the testing procedures described in the Post-Installation Inspection
19. Fill out the Post-Installation Inspection completely.
20. Turn off the engine and disconnect the fuel pressure gauge set. Be sure to reinstall the dust cap on the

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**WARNING:** The pressure test hose may contain cold liquid propane. Wear insulated rubber gloves and goggles.

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Shrader valve.

21. Drive the vehicle for at least 15 minutes, if possible. Drive under various conditions and a variety of
    speeds.
22. After the drive notice the long-term fuel trims as noted in the post-inspection. The long-term fuel trims
    should not be the same as they were before the drive. The long-term fuel trims should not be more
    than + or – 20%.
23. After driving and inspecting the vehicle turn it off and let it sit with the hood and doors closed for 15
    minutes. After 15 minutes return to the vehicle, open the door to initiate a purge and start the engine.
    If the engine starts easily, 3 seconds or so, the vehicle is ready to use.
24. If there are no leaks, no DTCs and the engine runs well (smooth idle, smooth acceleration, good
    power), the vehicle is ready to use.
25. If you did not fill out the warranty registration card in the Installing Labels Procedure do so now. Also
    complete the Post-Installation Inspection and return both to Bi-Phase Technologies to establish the
    warranty start date for your vehicle.
Isuzu Medium Duty Installation Instructions

LPEH® PURGE LOGIC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vehicle Operating Mode</th>
<th>Sequence of condition</th>
<th>LPEH® function</th>
<th>Results</th>
<th>Supply valve</th>
<th>Pump</th>
<th>Return valve</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Door purge*</td>
<td>1) Engine Off</td>
<td>Purge for 1.5 seconds</td>
<td>Liquid purger is delivered to the injectors and purge vapors is return to the tank</td>
<td>open</td>
<td>running</td>
<td>open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2) Door closed longer than 10 minutes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3) open the door</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key Purge**</td>
<td>1) Engine off</td>
<td>Purge for 1.5 seconds</td>
<td>Liquid purger is delivered to the injectors and purge vapors is return to the tank</td>
<td>open</td>
<td>running</td>
<td>open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2) key to on position</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starting</td>
<td>crank engine</td>
<td>fuel is delivered to the injectors</td>
<td>injectors open to deliver fuel to the cylinders</td>
<td>open</td>
<td>running</td>
<td>closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burning</td>
<td>Engine running</td>
<td>fuel is delivered to the injectors</td>
<td>injectors open to deliver fuel to the cylinders</td>
<td>open</td>
<td>running</td>
<td>closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine off</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paused</td>
<td>Engine off</td>
<td>Values closed, pump stops</td>
<td>No fuel is delivered to the injectors</td>
<td>closed</td>
<td>off</td>
<td>closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key off</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The door opening feature will only initiate a purge after the door has been closed for more than 10 minutes.

** A purge can always be initiated by turning the ignition key to the on position. A purge will begin and complete within 12 to 15 seconds. If another purge is desired turn the ignition key off and on again.

Tank control box wiring

Outputs to tank

Inputs from vehicle

Vehicle Inputs:
1 must be grounded; do not rely on box mounting screws.
2 +12V batt (always on) through a 15 A fuse
3 looks for +12V when engine is running
4 ground to activate manual purging
5 +12V output to indicator lamp
6 GM boxes: ground to start purge cycle
Ford boxes: +12 V to start purge cycle

Tank Outputs:
1, 2, & 3 will provide +12 V when active
LPEFI
Electrical Wiring Diagram With Idle Shut Down
Main Wiring Harness
Isuzu W series Medium Duty

(PCM - Fuel Level) Green/Black
(Chassis Ground) Black
(Fuel Pump Relay) Brown
(PCM - Low Ref) Green

Fuel Level Sender

To Battery

Inline fuse

Red

Black

Orange

Pink

LPCM

Pump Relay

Primary Tank

Red/white

Orange

Yellow

Black

Red/white

LPEFI Harness

OEM Harness

PCM Connections

OEM black with orange trace

Dome light or door switch

Idle Shut Down Relay

Orange with white tracer wire
（Park/Neutral = 12 Volts） Gear Select

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Isuzu Medium Duty Installation Instructions
Isuzu Medium Duty Installation Instructions

Post-Installation Inspection

Installation & test date_____________

VIN____________________________ Engine size________ Mileage________

Make_________________________ Model________________ Mfg date____________

Installer company name________________________

Tank Mfg.____________________ Primary tank serial number________________

Fuel Rail Serial Numbers ____________________ & ____________________

Purge & fill propane tank ___________ Yes ☐ No ☐

Quantity of propane _____________________ gallons

Leak test tank & LPEFI® system complete Yes ☐ No ☐

Leaks found & repaired Yes ☐ No ☐

Where:

Note: Before starting engine check and top off coolant level if necessary. After starting engine observe coolant level and heater operation until engine is at 190°F on the scan tool and all air has purged from the cooling system.

Loop hose fingers (4) engaged? Yes ☐ No ☐

Primary hose installed correctly into LPDM? Yes ☐ No ☐

Any stored DTCs in computer memory? Yes ☐ No ☐

List all codes:

If any DTCs found, repair all codes and retest

Open driver door. Does purge cycle initiate? Yes ☐ No ☐

Does vehicle restart easily after purge cycle is complete? Yes ☐ No ☐

Does vehicle engine idle smoothly? Yes ☐ No ☐

Does Idle Shut Down test properly? Yes ☐ No ☐

Vehicle Comments:

____________________________

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**Tank Temps & Operating Pressures @ LPDM**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tank temperature (bottom of tank)</th>
<th>__________ °F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Room temperature</td>
<td>__________ °F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Pump Pressures with 3 Switch Box**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tank pressure (Supply &amp; Return Valves on)</th>
<th>_____ psi</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Example: 100 psi Answer 100 psi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pump boost pressure (Supply &amp; Pump on)</th>
<th>_____ psi</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Note: Pump boost is calculated by how much the pressure increases from tank pressure (pump boost range is 35 psi to 55 psi)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example: 140 psi (140 psi - 100 psi = 40 psi) Answer 40 psi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purge reduction pressure (Supply &amp; Return and Pump on)</th>
<th>_____ psi</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Note: Purge reduction is calculated by how much the pressure increases from tank pressure (purge reduction range is 0 to 15 psi or tank pressure)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example: 110 psi (110 psi - 100 psi = 10 psi) Answer 10 psi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: If specifications are out of range reference page 11 and 19 of the Bi-Phase LPEFI Diagnostic Manual*

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**Scan Tool DataStream**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ECT/Temperature</th>
<th>_______ °F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fuel Trims at Idle:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STFT Bank 1</td>
<td>Bank 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTFT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Fuel trims range from 0 to -17% and shouldn’t differ between bank by more than the 10%.

*Note: If specifications are out of range reference page 11 and 19 of the Bi-Phase LPEFI Diagnostic Manual*

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Technician Name: ________________________________

*This inspection form must be returned to Bi-Phase Technologies. Fax 651-681-4441*

Any problems found must be noted in the comment section and if a problem cannot be resolved Bi-Phase Technologies must be contacted at 1-888-465-0571.